### **Student Debt**

## A Crushing Barrier to Asset Building

April 18<sup>th</sup> 3pm-4pm EDT





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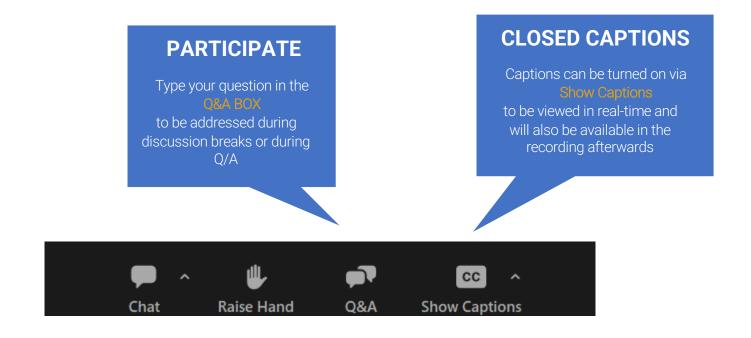
Housing

The Wealth Gap

2



### WEBINAR CONTROL PANEL



# **SPEAKERS**



**Hiba Haroon** (Moderator)
Annie E. Casey
Foundation



Rosie Silber-Marker
Neighborhood Trust
Financial Partners



**Dr. Jason Caldwell** MDC



**Kristin McGuire**Young Invincibles



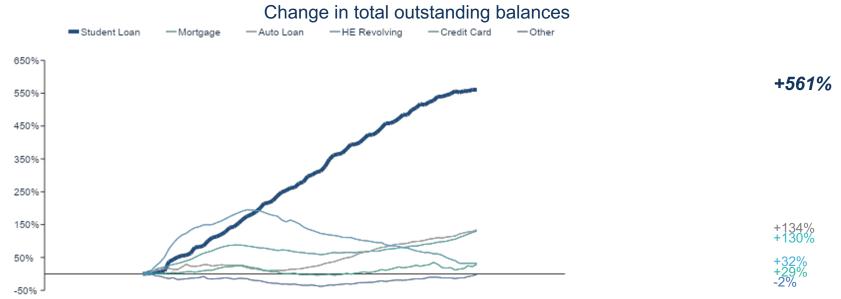
**Kat Welbeck**Student Borrower
Protection Center
(SBPC)



### **The Student Debt Crisis**

April 2023

# The growth of U.S. student loan debt has been consistent and explosive

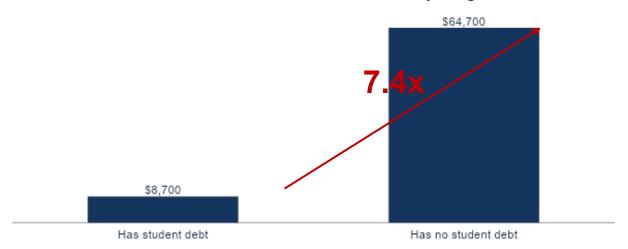


Over \$1.75 trillion in outstanding student debt

PROTECT BORROWERS

#### Student loan borrowers lag behind in wealth accumulation

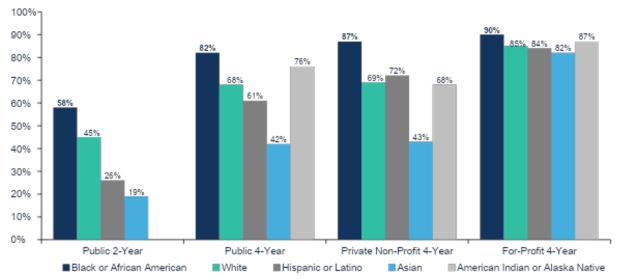
Median net worth of young households



Median net worth is **over 7 times higher** among young households that do not have student debt

# Across college types, Black students are more likely to graduate with debt

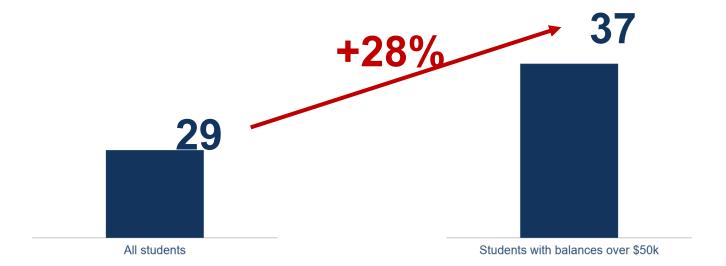




# Black and Latino students make up a disproportionate share of students with large debt balances

Of every 100 college students, **29 are Black or Latino** 

Of every 100 borrowers with a balance over \$50,000, **37 are Black or Latino** 



Source: Demos (2019)
Note: Balances are measured 12 years after college entrance



Student Loan Company Accused of Mismanaging Debt Forgiveness Program



Servicing issues may hamper U.S. student-loan forgiveness for thousands



Why Public Service Loan Forgiveness Is So Unforgiving

This government loan forgiveness program has rejected 99% of borrowers so far

The 'broken' public service student loan forgiveness system is particularly brutal for military veterans

EDITORS' PICK | 16,933 views | Aug 12, 2020, 03:30pm EDT

New Report Shows Public Service Loan Forgiveness Is A Mess

### Fixing a broken Income Driven Repayment "safety net"

- Only 157 of 4.4 million borrowers received cancellation via IDR
- One-time "revision" and adjustment of Direct and FFEL qualifying payments;
- Repayment status (regardless of payment, loan, plan)
- Some periods of forbearance and deferment count
- Credit before consolidation
- PSLF Credit
- Commercial FFEL & Perkins must consolidate\*

### Giving the lowest-income borrowers a "Fresh Start"

- Restores repayment options for borrowers, including IDR plans
- Immediately restores Title IV eligibility
- Restores one-time rehabilitation if used during the payment pause
- Provides beneficial credit reporting features
- Protects borrowers from involuntary collections

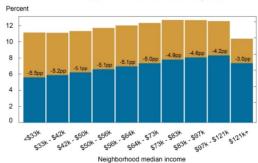
#### **Cancelling Debt for (Nearly) Everyone**

- Estimated 40 million could receive cancellation, 20 million borrowers' loans could be completely cancelled
- Nearly 90% of benefit would go to those earning less than \$75,000 per year
- Estimated 25% of Black borrowers and 50% of all Latino borrowers would have debts completely cancelled

#### Student loan prevalence in the lowest-income areas will be nearly halved after forgiveness

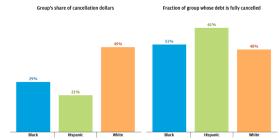
Share of adult population with federal student loans before forgiveness

Share of adult population with federal student loans after forgiveness



Sources: New York Fed/Equifax Consumer Credit Panel; American Community Survey, authors' calculations.

Notes: Under the forgiveness plan, some borrowers will see their debts completely cancelled. The percentage point figures within the bars denote the percentage point decline in the shares of the adult population holdin



Note: Raw income data is sum of net or take-home income across all customer's checking accounts. Calculation of gross income used to eleternine program (eigibility is based on an income tax withfolding and paroprill act or 7.65%. This fince tax withfolding increases linearly with income from 15% to 20% at 512.5.00 of net income and is constant thereafter. Raze and ethnicity come from self-reported declarations on voter registration forms in Florida, Georgia, and Inusiasan analysis on these variables is restricted to the sample in these services.

Source: JPMorgan Chase Institute

### Payments are expected to resume by Fall 2023

- More than 40 million borrowers will be pushed into repayment
- The payment pause is currently scheduled to end 60 days after June 30, 2023 or 60 days after a final disposition on the SCOTUS cases
- Borrowers will receive a statement 21 days before their first payment is due



Grantmakers Advancing Economic Equity